

## SITUATION

# REPORT GUIDE

This guide is best used in conjunction with the

A Disciplined Approach to Emergency Response Chart and updated each operational period as the situation changes

- 1) Problem
- 2) Modifying Conditions
- 3) Affected Area
- 4) Control Measures
- 5) Define Critical Objectives
- 6) **Response Strategies**
- 7) Restoration Strategies

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Date	Time	Name of person completing this form

#### Problem

NATURE and QUANTITY of MATERIAL
hemical /Shipping Name:
N or CAS Description:
DG Classification:
ature of the Hazard:
- fire, explosion
- inhalation, environmental
uantity Spilled:
uantity at Risk:
TYPE, CONDITION and BEHAVIOUR of CONTAINER
lode of Transport:
g. road, rail, air, marine
leans of Containment:
- type(s) and number(s), - identification marks
xed Facility:
- type
- equipment number(s)
anger of Failure, stress from:
- mechanical damage (e.g. impact,
eat, fire)
- chemical reaction (e.g. «othermic, polymerization)
ontainer Failure, due to:
- leak (e.g. crack, flange, valve)
- puncture, BLEVE
STAGE of INCIDENT
ability of the Incident:
it stable?
/hat would cause the escalation of ne incident?



### Modifying Conditions

		LOCA	TION		
Location of the Incident:					
<ul> <li>size of population and whe</li> <li>adjacent facilities</li> <li>access (equipment/persor</li> </ul>					
Spill:					
- ground water - fresh water - salt water					
Product Location and Migration	on:				
Where is it now? Where is likely to go?					
Combination of Circumstance	s:				
Is it a combination of issues?					
		TI	ME		
Time of alert			Time of incident		
Time of day; affects on - response operations (daylig - population change (traffic) - movement of spill (tide)	ght)				
Day of week (traffic)			Response time to incide	ent	
		WEATHER (	CONDITIONS		
Temperature:	Wind Di	rection:	Wind Speed:		Humidity:
Precipitation:			·		
What kind is it and how much?					
e.g. rain, snow, fog,					
Weather Forecast:					
<ul> <li>check area weather forecast</li> <li>severe changes may impact</li> <li>response</li> </ul>					



## A Disciplined Approach to Emergency Response Guide

#### **Potential Losses**

	AFFECTED AREA
	People
Injury/Fatality	
How many have been affected? How many may be affected?	
Drinking Water	
Long term or short term? Local or public?	
	Environment
Water	
What system(s)? Soil/ground water Lake, river/stream, marine	
Wildlife, Habitat, Recreational	
Has it been or will it be potentially affected?	
	Public Affairs
Areas of issues	
- media	
- government - community	
- special interests	
	Financial Risk
Public	
- private or public structures	
- environment	
Corporate	
- assets, reputation	
<ul><li>production</li><li>customers</li></ul>	
- adjacent businesses	
Compliance	
- regulatory	
- due diligence	



#### **Control Measures**

	INTERNAL RESOURCES
ER Plan:	
e.g. TER Plan, ERAP, E2	
Trained Personnel:	Technical Advisor(s):
Who do you have? Trained to what standard?	Home Coordinator:
What certification?	Spokesperson:
Other: e.g. occupational hygiene,	Product Specialist(s):
plume modeling	Other:
Equipment:	
What do you have, need and is available? e.g. PPE, communications, command post, resources	
for potential response strategies	
<b>Control Agents:</b> What is available? e.g. firefighting, dispersion, neutralization	
	EXTERNAL RESOURCES
Emergency Plans:	
What plans are available to be implemented? e.g. CHLOREP, LPGERC, Marine	
First Responders:	
Who; are they on the scene?	
Public Agencies:	
Who is or needs to be involved? e.g. MOE, MOT, EMO, MNR, EC,	
Utilities:	
Locate, shut-off or supply? electricity, gas, phone, optics	
Product Information:	
What sources were used? e.g. CANUTEC, CHEMTREC, ERG, manufacturer(s), supplier(s)	
Wildlife rescue services:	
Insurance claims adjusters:	



## Define Critical Objectives

What people and where?
- responders
- public (residents, businesses,
etc.)
What environment(s) is at risk?
- drinking water
- wildlife
- recreational use
What property is at risk?
- means of containment
- buildings/structures
- equipment
FROM WHAT HAZARD?
Inhalation
e.g. IDLH, TLV, odour
Fire
-heat, smoke
Contact with released material
-corrosive, irritant
Potential projectiles
PRIORITIZE CRITICAL OBJECTIVES
What are the critical objectives?
If resources are limited, the priority is
people, environment and then
property.
What is most critical?
2 <sup>nd</sup> priority
3 <sup>rd</sup> priority
4 <sup>th</sup> priority



## A Disciplined Approach to Emergency Response Guide

## **Response Strategies**

ESTABLISH INCIDENT MANAGEMENT
Incident Commander:
Operation Section Chief:
Planning Section Chief:
Command Facilities Location:
e.g. EOC, Command Post, Staging
Establish Hot, Warm & Cold Zones:
Secure area – where and by who?
Meeting schedules & location:
Operational periods:
PROTECT POTENTIAL LOSSES
Protect Response Team:
e.g. PPE requirement, rescue plan
Rescue Trapped/Injured Persons:
From where and by who?
Potentially impacted publics:
e.g. shelter-in-place, evacuate and by who?
Protect environment:
e.g. wildlife, sensitive eco-systems, recreational
Protect property:
e.g. livestock, tourism



## Response Strategies (cont'd)

STABILIZE the HAZARD	
Stop the leak:	
How and by who?	
Contain the release:	
e.g. dam/dike, boom, divert	
Ignition:	
e.g. Remove potential ignition source or intentionally ignite	
Prevent container failure:	
e.g. cool container, depressurize	
Take no action:	
EXTINGUISH IGNITED MATERIAL	
Remove fuel:	
Extinguish:	
e.g. chemical agent, remove oxygen	
Remove ignition source:	
Let substance burn:	
MITIGATE the HAZARD	
Apply agents:	
e.g. inhibit, dilute, neutralize, disperse	
and is there sufficient quantity,	
equipment and personnel?	
Material displacement:	
e.g. transfer, flare, recover	
Remove uninvolved materials:	
e.g. other MOCs, vehicles	
Place barrier(s) to prevent impact:	



## **Restoration Strategies**

CLEAN UP and RECOVERY	
Assess Quantity Spilled & Area Affected:	
How will you know where it is? -detection, sampling, monitoring	
Assess Environmental Impact:	
What are the issues? e.g. Safety, spill destination, wildlife How much has evapourated? How much natural degradation?	
Clean-Up Technology:	
What is the most appropriate? What is available? e.g. Water wash, skim, vacuum trucks, bio-remediation, excavation	
Work with authorities on remediation activities:	
Worker safety? Remediation activity requires approval.	
DISPOSAL	
Comply with regulations:	
-treat/neutralize -incinerate -landfill	
Due diligence:	
-reuse -reprocess -recycle	

